The Investigation Committee on the Conclusion of a Treaty Between Japan and Thailand Concerning Thai Territory in Malaya and Shan Areas.

Held in Room 3, East, in the Palace on the 18th August, 1943 (Wod.

## Those Present:

HARA President Chief of the Committee, Vice President SUZUKI COMMITTEE MEMBERS ARIMA Councillor KUBOTA SHIMIZU MINAMI (Hiroshi) NARA SUGAWARA MATSUURA USHIO HAYASHI

FUKAI FUTAGAMI OBATA TAKEGOSHI MITSUCHI IKEDA

MINAMI (Jiro) MOTOJI HIRAO

## ABSENTEES

Councillor ISHII MATSUI MANO OSHIMA IZAWA

## STATE MINISTERS

Prime Minister and War Minister TOJO Greater East Asia Minister Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU

EXPOSITORS

Director of the Bureau of Legislation

MORIYAMA

Secretary of the Bureau of Legislation

SATO

MIYAUCHI

Director of the Bureau of Administration, Foreign Ministr KAMIMURA

Director of the Treaty Bureau, Foreign Ministry

ANDO

Secretary Foreign Ministry

MATSUDAIRA

SUYAMA

Director of the Bureau of Military Affairs, War Ministry

SATO

Chief of the Military Affairs Section, Bureau of Military

Affairs

SAKAKIBARA

Director of the Navy Affairs Bureau

Director of General Affairs Bureau, Greater East Asia Min'

TAKEUCHI

Director of the Bureau of Southern Affairs, Greater East

Asia Ministry MIZUNO

Secretary of the Greater East Asia Ministry

HAGIWARA

YAMADA

MIYAKE

Chief Secretary of the Privy Council

Secretary of the Privy Council

MOROHASHI

TAKATSUJI

## (OPENED AT 9 A.M.)

SUZUKI, Chief of the Committee, called the meeting to order. Premier TOJO explained the circumstances that led to the conclusion of this treaty while Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU explained the contents of this draft. Foreign Minister SHIGEMITSU then reported the recent international situation centering upon Italy.

KUBOTA, a member of the committee, raised a question concerning the exchange document referred to in the draft, and AOKI, Greater East Asia Minister, made the reply. SHIMIZU, a member, asked whether there was any dissatisfaction on the part of Burma due to Japanese approval of the annexation of the two Shan states by Thailand, and whether there was any request on the part of Thailand for the re-acquisition of Penang Island and the State of Wellesley, both of which she had lost in Malaya but had not been included in the present annexation plan. In reply to this question, Premier TOJO related the circumstances when he had made the propose

Doc. No. 1170

Page 3

in his interviews with BA MAW at Singapore and Phibun at Bangkok during his trip South. He stated that although Ba Maw had shown no sign of disatisfaction regarding Thailand's annexation of the two Shan States, uneasiness might be entertained by the natives, and that therefore noth should be left to be desired in Japan's future policies. He further explained that because only a few years had passed since Thailand's cessi of the territories which she was about to reacquire, her desires had be very strong. He explained that it was for this reason that Japan was trying to recognize Thailand's reacquisition of these territories, and that the present measures taken toward the four Malay states seemed to a surprise to Thailand, Phibun's face was full of joy.

SHIMIZU further asked which would be the authorized text in case a difference of interpretation should arise in the Thai and Japanese text; ANDO, Director of the Treaty Bureau, replied that though it would be decided through diplomatic negotiations, in reality it should be decided according to the Japanese text.

Then MINAMI, a member of the committee, inquired what meaning such an action would have by International Law. MORIYAMA, Director of the Bureau of Legislation, replied that it was the popular opinion according to International Law that occupying nations had no territorial rights in occupied areas, and therefore such treaties for territorial cession in the occupied area should not be concluded. However, on the other has as an occupying nation was conducting the administration for occupied areas, in other words, military administration, and as there was no spec regulation stipulating that we should continue this condition forever, it should be perfectly all right to agree that there would be no objections to our abolishing the military administration in the occupied area and letting a third power annex such territories. He explained that the treaty between Japan and Thailand would be concluded in this spirit. A reply was made by Premier TOJO to the effect that the Japanese Army already firmly believed that this was Japan's territory and that the measure for this draft should be taken according to this firm conviction

Minami further questioned why the Government had not asked the Emperor for consultation at this Council on the Exchange Document refers to in this draft. In reply to this question, AOKI, Greater East Asia Minister, said that an it was agreed in detail in Article V of the Treaty, there was no need to take such a proceeding. USHIO, a member of the committee, questioned why the date of enforcement, date of sealing, and the date of signature were separately stipulated in Articles III, IV and VI, respectively, in this treaty. ANDO, Director of the Treaty Bureau, Foreign Ministry, replied that though the three different dates would be the same in the end, they had just observed the conventional phraseology used in international treaties.

Page 4

Doc. No. 1170

HAYASHI, a member of the committee, asked whether the Government intended to consider such measures provided in the Treaty as not being contrary to International Law. Premier TOJO answered that International Law should be observed so long as the enemy observed it; but that International Law should be interpreted from the viewpoint of executing the war according to our own opinions, and that he considered the present measure as being perfectly justified by International Law.

FUKAI, a member of the committee, asked a question as to the Exchar Document referred to in this draft. AOKI, Greater East Asia Minister, made the reply. FUTAGAMI, a member of the committee, stated that the expressions in Article I and II would be very weak if the Government was to cede the occupied areas to Thailand by considering these areas as par of Japanese territory, and he demanded the Government's opinion on it. Premier TOJO answered that the Government had used such expressions to avoid needless friction.

MITSUCHI, a member of the committee, inquired about the Exchange Document referred to in the draft and Premier TOJO made the explanation. MOTOJI, a member of the committee, questioned as to the relation betwee the proposition formerly made by the Premier to Thailand and the conclusion of this Treaty. Premier TOJO answered that it was the cardinal point in politics not to lose an opportunity and therefore he had obtained the Emperor's sanction beforehand for making a proposal to Thaila He said that a draft treaty had been prepared as a promise between the t countries and that the Emperor was being consulted at this Privy Council He replied that the proceedings taken in the meantime were believed to be lawful.

After this, The Chairman of the Committee, SUZUKI, considering that all interpellations had been concluded, requested the withdrawal of the Ministers and Expositors.

(Ministers and Expositors withdrew)

Then, after deliberations among the members of the committee, this draft was decided on as it was and approved unanimously. The preparatio of the investigation report was left to the Chairman.

Chairman SUZUKI declared the meeting adjourned.

(Adjourned at 11:25 A.M.).

、問一於下開會照十八年八月八十八日(水曜旦)居中東三八日本國「タイ」國同條约締結、件審查本員會「マライ」及「シャン」地方一於トル「タイ」國一領土」関

出席卷

家太副議長原查全員長原 議長

審查各員

育 馬 團 原 百 原田顧問官 章 水龍門官 **南(弘)顧問官** 太不良 福 田 Jan 营原顧問官 松清蘭門白 顧問這 原。四 深井顧問官官 TEN ED Lan. 11 4 小婚顧問官 计談 顧問 盲 THE TEN TIME 1/ /11 百万 日7 和田 (Inte

16.1

Doc 1170

~問三於于開會照如不同(水躍豆)层中東三及日本國「タイ」國同條約締結,件審查委員會「フィ」因同條約締結,件審查委員會「ファト」及「シャン地方一於トル」タイ」國,領土」関

出無格

衛左本員長 議長 議長

審查各員 育 題 題 后 百 原過阿爾伊 南(弘)顧問官 意以問問后 草原顧問官 松清顧問官官 麗 盟 [四 TON TON 深井顧問官官 The Trans 小衛衛門官 計談 顧問 管 The True True 11 11 福文 图7 和田 'lmi

16/

Doc 1170

(歌) 顧問官 · 1 清照 門 · 1mm 中 出 魔 面 气血 缺席者 海查李夏 石井顧問官百 松井顧問官 真野顧問官 K mg mm lan 伊 學 題 記 國務大臣 東條府屬總理大臣 考月本大東軍大臣 重光外務大臣 湯明夏 株山洪門馬長官 在蘇法制局奏事官 层内法制局参軍官 上村外務省政務局長 安東外務省條約局長 曾額外務書記官 松平外務書記官 領山外務事務官 在臟陸軍倉軍務局長

三定大東軍事務官以四大東軍事務官以四大東軍書記官 旅原大東軍書記官 水與大東軍者前官 大與大東軍省南方事務局長 付內大東至省總務局長 付河江東軍省軍務局具

高过者記官強行書記官及在江書記官長

(小左右岸運命)

於大篇會亦見長月食日百八 東係内開總理大臣日本家條的師話,及傳,付賣 光外務大臣了本家一内容一付夫只說明了り次下室光 外務大臣与伊國了境心某人後一國際情勢三付報告了 震田委員司本荣察!交換文書三員,當同了事 大大東西大臣 m-於辯丁=

海水香風中「ひかい」一年一「ひー」回路人の承認いか ル、「「「しいて」、「不満ナキカス「マラー」、一般ケル素園大火ラン 下今回回國·婦人ヤルンナラーいナン」の及「タイラバニー」が、 你了了~」問三回後一軍中十十刀問日東係內問總理大臣 ラー事奏、前方出張中昭衛、於ティバーモウンニバンコックン 於下「ピブン」「食見と中人、爲とりは際、情况、該明し いか、二川、「ろう」関係人、付き、「バーモウ」、一个満、色下 カリシモ工侯、に種二葉信でナルトセス事後、施第一道順 ナカラレムでも春園、今回回傷からレンナスが失せいえる寒失し り、歴史成り後下同復、要望賦烈ナル地ナと、田り其、編 入了承認セントスルキノコンティター」問い「スラー」四州、対己 今同、指置の、言意外トンかい切りつけて、」、一向上意思滋し みルバットナリン旨該明アリ同本員、尚日奉两文三級義アリ 2、外交上、交传,使,决定スペキモ実際上、日本大三係りの、タル際、準備文如何了何と各東外務省條约局長了り

朱成为四八十四、今韓丁二 南本員事本件措置、國際法上一意義、付質問了 月初又:養文十八本矣,回奏問條為八月自己,題工,總入一其,際何草異該 引揮八甲記問,別別,日母與以城,軍政,報展,第三國才其,也以上之,永了同一,狀態,置为如此人,另上,別設,得下之他面占俱國、与領处行以即十軍成,行己居,曹務此政,付領土副議,如午條约、之,衛結,上禮、獲得,己居,又,可國際法上,通說上,從上之以,例國人与領此城,計,與

(次百三歲))

2.0%

青水大東西大臣多條約等意係,細目協戶九方故之之二付都 其中·確信等本案·措置、既平日本·領土了一 此一個以下入心旨、東條內閣終理大臣引占領軍八民工日本,領 諮詢り奏請がりる答解でり、 麥照一交換文書 为本院工御諮詢司奏請 安心理由习問上 措置十些禮信=基至七首,答解了,司委員八尚本案 確信一本来

謝委員門本案,係約为三係實施,只第四條三調印白等 六條三者知一日十書分礼理由問日也東外務省條約局長司 答辨でり 同一一郎一九三國際條約,慣例用語一從上見三過七九百

B スモナルカラ門上東係内閣総理大臣ョ人國際法八般國側,選 林委員了政府八本宋一指置了國際法二違及七九七十七十 中冬年限少之二徒八分論北上國際法,解釋八戰爭遂行人 觀矣事然自見解多以于又少多回,措置八國際江司見 テ何等差支ナレト回料入旨答稱アリ

大臣引答解アリ 课十年員引本宋参照,交換文書行質問了,青本本東西

政府八所見ラボメ、東係内閣終理大臣了三無用一摩擦了野子 が為斯九立言习為られ次等九員答解了り、 -趣旨ラスン係約第一係及第二條ノ立言法八軟弱すりしい 三二卷員引参照,交換文書行質問了東條內閣総理大臣 二上委員のり、与領地へ既立我が領土こう之の「多丁国四割讓元

泉二安員の少総理大臣か三裏二本件,措置ラ「多」側主人

とう事人となる事を言うなる。関係、断いき過去すりと信べる事人となが國家問り約束と言該之條約果习事備と認過機の返去に、政治上、要論て各被人部許与得了の分側」なん、本件條約、確結トー関係可問」其係内閣終理大臣ラ

很庸可於5石沒于愈大李勇長何以了一颗大大臣及然明員人

(大臣及說明負俱席一)

仍了成本委員長問会可官又等官人作成、委員長一任是京大日、官、全会一致了城民与審查教告、作成、委員長一任是民民之任民民人等司等可以不同議、結果本件、比、儘可以也已然以

(平新工時二十五分間会)